

# PC703V

## High Collector-emitter Voltage Type Photocoupler

※ Lead forming type (I type) and taping reel type (P type) are also available. ( PC703VI/PC703VP)(Page 656)  
 ※※TUV(VDE0884) approved type is also available as an option.

### ■ Features

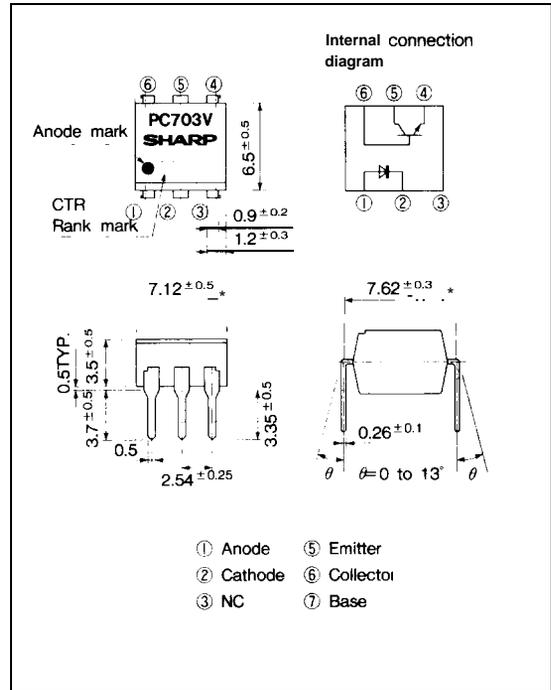
1. High collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{CEO}$ : 70V)
2. High isolation voltage between input and output  
( $V_{iso}$  : 5 000 $V_{rms}$ )
3. TTL compatible output
4. Recognized by UL, file No. E64380,

### ■ Applications

1. Telephone sets, telephone exchangers
2. System appliances, measuring instruments
3. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

### ■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	$I_F$	50	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	$I_{FM}$	1	A
	Reverse voltage	$V_R$	6	v
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
output	Collector -emitter voltage	$V_{CEO}$	70	v
	Emitter -collector voltage	$V_{ECO}$	6	v
	Collector -base voltage	$V_{CBO}$	70	V
	Emitter -base voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6	v
	Collector current	$I_C$	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	$P_C$	160	mW
	Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	200	mW
	*2 Isolation voltage	$v_{iso}$	5 000	$V_{rms}$
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-30 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
*3 Soldering temperature	$T_{sol}$	260	$^\circ\text{C}$	

\*1 Pulse width  $\leq 100 \mu\text{s}$ , Duty ratio= 0.001

\*2 40 to 60%RH, AC for 1 minute

\*3 For 10 seconds

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Photocouplers

**Electro-optical Characteristics**

(T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	—	1.2	1.4	v
	Peak forward voltage	V <sub>FM</sub>	I <sub>FM</sub> = 0.5A			3.0	V
	Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 4V			10	μA
	Terminal capacitance	C <sub>t</sub>	V = 0, f = 1kHz	--	30	250	pF
output	Collector dark current	I <sub>CEO</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 20V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0, R <sub>BE</sub> = ∞	—	—	10 <sup>-7</sup>	A
Transfer charac. teristics	*4 Current transfer ratio	CTR	I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V, R <sub>BE</sub> = ∞	40		320	%
	Collector -emitter saturation voltage	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA, R <sub>BE</sub> = ∞	—	0.1	0.2	V
	Isolation resistance	R <sub>ISO</sub>	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH	5 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	10 <sup>11</sup>	--	Ω
	Floating capacitance	C <sub>i</sub>	V = 0, f = 1MHz	—	0.6	1.0	pF
	Cut-off frequency	f <sub>c</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V, I <sub>C</sub> = 2mA R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω, R <sub>BE</sub> = ∞, -3dB	—	80	—	kHz
Response time	Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2V, I <sub>C</sub> = 2mA R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω, R <sub>BE</sub> = ∞		4	1.3	μs
	Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>			3	15	μs

\*4 Classification table of current transfer ratio is shown below

Model No.	Rank mark	CTR (%)
PC703V1	A	40 to 80
PC703V2	B	63 to 125
<b>PC703V3</b>	c	100 to 200
PC703V4	D	160 to 320
PC703V5	A or B	40 to 125
<b>PC703V6</b>	B or C	63 to 200
PC703V7	C or D	100 to 320
<b>PC703V</b>	A, B, C m-D	40 to 320

Measurement conditions

I<sub>F</sub> = 10mA

V<sub>CE</sub> = 5V

T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C

Fig. 1 **Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**

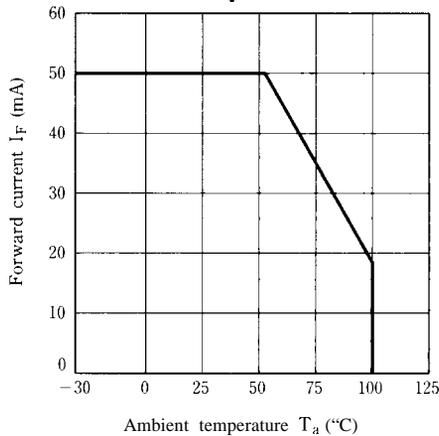
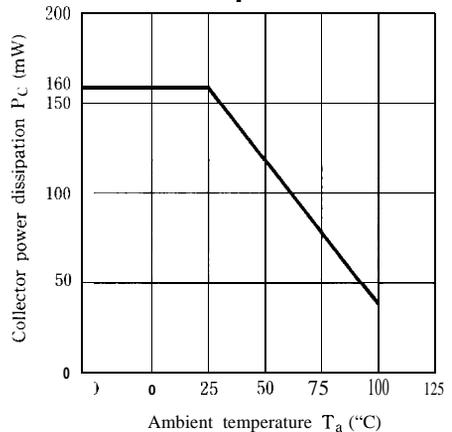
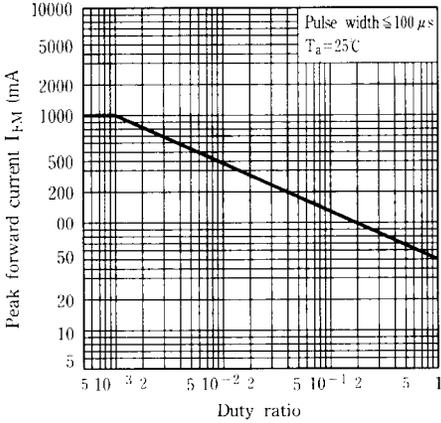


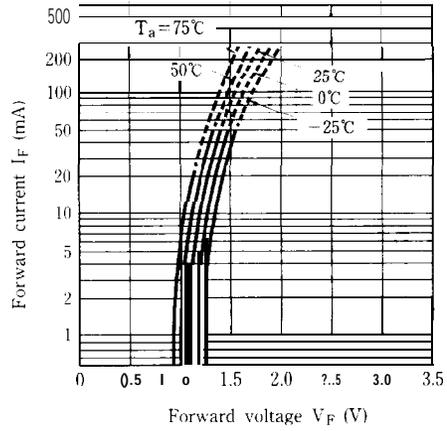
Fig.12 **Collector Power Dissipation VS. Ambient Temperature**



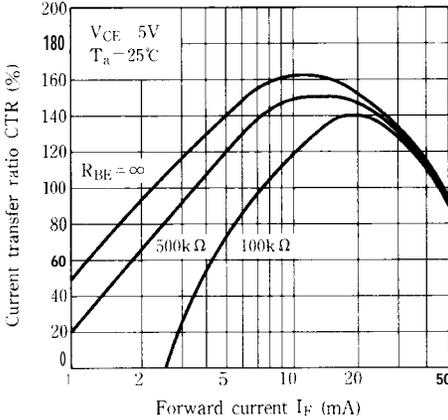
**Fig. 3 Fesk Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio**



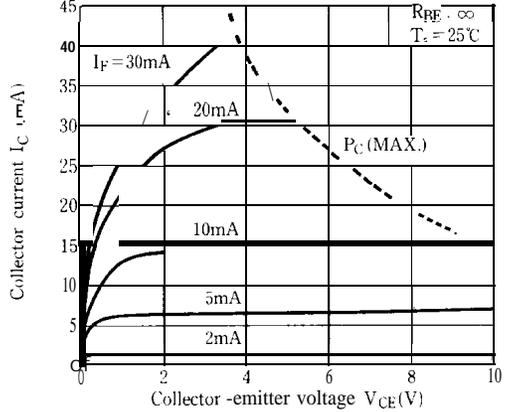
**Fig. 4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage**



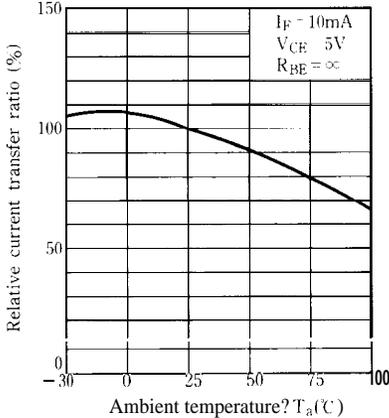
**Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current**



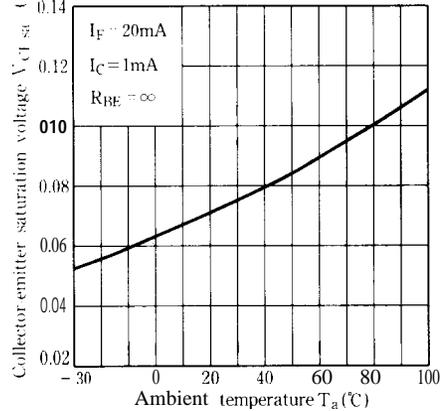
**Fig. 6 Collector current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage**



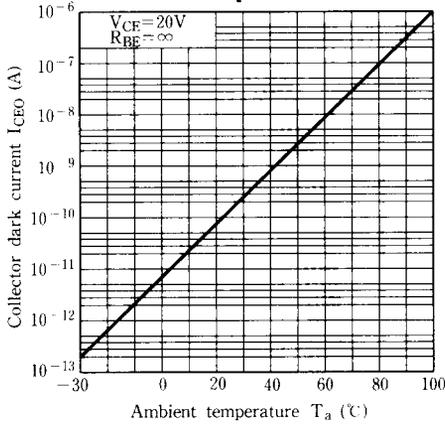
**Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature**



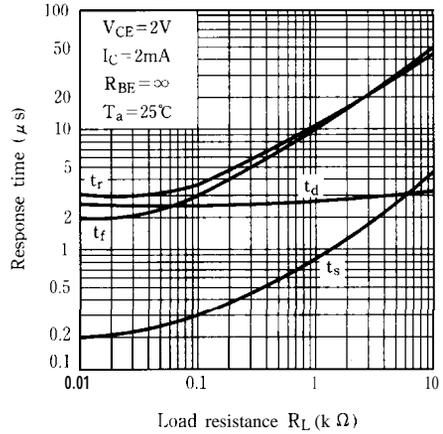
**Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



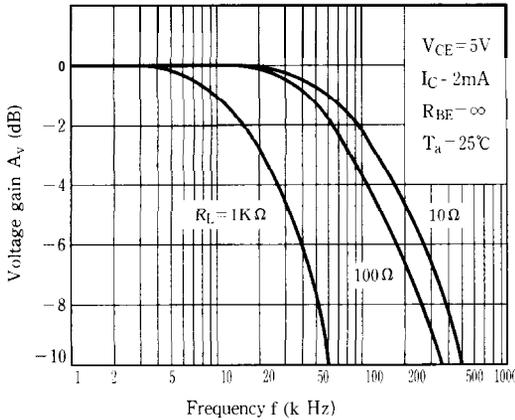
**Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



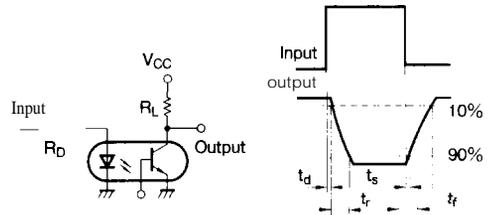
**Fig.10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance**



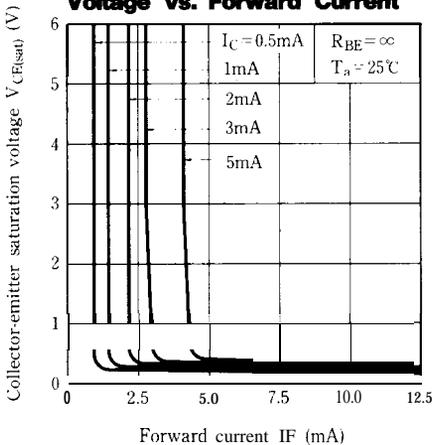
**Fig.11 Frequency Response**



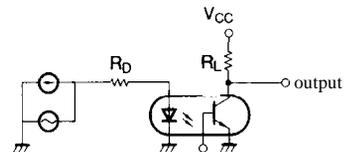
**Test Circuit for Response Time**



**Fig.12 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current**



**Test Circuit for Frequency Response**



● Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use" . (Page 78 to 93)